Unit 1 What can we experience on a trip?

Part 1・未来を表す表現 be going to 〜

確認テスト 1

(1) am, going, to, buy

(2) am, not, going, to, visit

(3) Is, going, to, clean

確認テスト 2

(1) I am not going to watch that program.

(2) Ms. Taylor is going to leave Japan (next month.)

(3) Are you going to work (tomorrow?)

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) I am going to do my homework after (dinner.)

(2) Linda is not going to play tennis this (afternoon.)

(3) Is David going to dance (in the contest?)

(4) Where is Nancy going to stay (in Osaka?)

Part 2・未来を表す表現 助動詞 will

確認テスト 1

(1) will, like

(2) Will, it, be

(3) won't

確認テスト 2

(1) Ken will go to school by bus.

(2) Small children will be afraid of this dog.

(3) We won't work (tomorrow.)

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) Mike's parents will come to Japan next (month.)

(2) Will your friends walk to (the stadium?)

(3) Carla will not become〔be〕a teacher.

Read and Think 1・show〔give〕＋人＋もの

確認テスト 1

(1) gave, Peter, a, tennis, racket

(2) taught, us, painting〔drawing〕

(3) tell, us, everything〔all〕

確認テスト 2

(1) Will you show me the map?

(2) I'm going to tell you something important.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) My aunt always gives me some money.

(2) (I'll) buy you a ticket to that musical.

Read and Think 2・call＋A＋B

確認テスト 1

(1) call, me, John

(2) They, call, the, islands

確認テスト 2

(1) We call her Beth.

(2) They called their dog Joe.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) Mr. White called his daughter Kay.

(2) Why do you call her Yuzu?

Grammar for Communication 1

5 つの文構造

確認テスト 1

⑴　entered, the, building

⑵　is, an, English, teacher

確認テスト 2

⑴　Eric bought a magazine at (that bookstore.)

⑵　Everybody calls my father Doc.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴　Our children go to bed at nine every night.

⑵　I gave my mother a present.

Unit 2　What is local food?

Part 1・接続詞 when

確認テスト 1

⑴　（イ）

⑵　（ア）

確認テスト 2

⑴　(Mathew doesn't eat lunch) when he is busy.

⑵　When I can't sleep (, I drink some hot milk.)

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴　When I was a kid〔child〕, (I wanted to be a soccer player.)

⑵　(Yuka practices tennis) when she has time.

Part 2・接続詞 if

確認テスト 1

⑴　（ア）

⑵　（イ）

確認テスト 2

⑴　(I'll go fishing with my father) if it is sunny tomorrow.

⑵　If you are busy (, I'll cook dinner.)

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴　(Please say hello to Mari) if she comes to the party.

⑵　(If) you feel sick, go home.

Read and Think 1・接続詞 because

確認テスト 1

⑴　（イ）

⑵　（ア）

確認テスト 2

⑴　(We didn't go hiking) because it was very windy.

⑵　Because it was so hot (, few people were outside.)

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴　Because Carla ate〔had〕a lot, (she was full.)

⑵　(Yuki is angry) because Keita broke his promise.

Read and Think 2・接続詞 that

確認テスト 1

⑴　I, know, that

⑵　Do, you, know, that

⑶　I, hope, that

確認テスト 2

⑴　I hope you like my present.

⑵　I don’t think it’s a good idea.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴　I hope it will be sunny〔fine〕 tomorrow.

⑵　I know you broke that vase.

Grammar for Communication 2

接続詞のまとめ

確認テスト 1

⑴　（イ）

⑵　（イ）

⑶　（ア）

⑷　（イ）

確認テスト 2

⑴　(Lily will buy it) if it is not too expensive.

⑵　(Everyone knows) that Paris is in France.

⑶　(I said that I didn’t love Maria,) but it was a lie.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴　When Nancy was five years old (, she couldn’t swim at all.)

⑵　(Amy is sleepy) because she got〔woke〕 up at four thirty.

⑶　(Meg will pass the exam) because she studied hard.

Unit 3　What kind of job are you interested in?

Part 1・不定詞（副詞的用法）

確認テスト 1

⑴　to, look

⑵　to, read

確認テスト 2

⑴　Nancy visited Mr.Tanaka to borrow some books.

⑵　My father runs five kilometers every day to stay healthy.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴　I went to Australia to learn〔study〕 English.

⑵　My sister uses online services to sell her used clothes.

Part 2・不定詞（感情の原因）

確認テスト 1

⑴　happy〔glad〕, to, see〔meet〕

⑵　happy〔glad〕, to, talk

確認テスト 2

⑴　Fred was angry to learn the truth.

⑵　Vicky was surprised to see her brother (in Osaka.)

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴　I am〔I’m〕 sorry to take up your time.

⑵　I was excited to get a good score.

Read and Think 1・不定詞(形容詞的用法)

確認テスト 1

⑴ to, read

⑵ anything, to, do

確認テスト 2

⑴ We don’t have anything to talk about.

⑵ We have nothing to drink.

⑶ I have a lot of homework to do.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴ （Can you）give me anything to drink?

⑵ Ken needs something to eat.

Read and Think 2・It is … for 人 to 〜

確認テスト 1

⑴ It, is, to

⑵ It, is, for, to

確認テスト 2

⑴ It is not easy for her to use the computer.

⑵ It is dangerous to swim in the river.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴ Was it difficult for him to solve the problem?

⑵ （It is）important to help your classmates.

Grammar for Communication 3

不定詞のまとめ

確認テスト 1

⑴ tried, to, swim

⑵ to, gather

確認テスト 2

⑴ I want to study math at college.

⑵ We have nothing to drink.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴ Do you have anything to do (right now?)

⑵ I went to the supermarket to get〔buy〕some tomatoes.

Unit 4 What is important in a homestay?

Part 1・have to 〜

確認テスト 1

⑴ have, to

⑵ has, to

⑶ doesn’t, have

⑷ Does, have, to, write

確認テスト 2

⑴ You have to clean your room (by tomorrow.)

⑵ Ken has to get up early tomorrow.

⑶ You didn’t have to wipe the windows.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴ Beth doesn’t have to get〔wake〕up early today.

⑵ Do they have to clean their classroom(s)?

Part 2・助動詞 must

確認テスト 1

⑴ must, study

⑵ must, be

⑶ must, not, open

確認テスト 2

(1) Mike and Barbara must clean the classroom (this week.)

(2) You must not be late for school.

(3) You must not open this box.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) You must wash it.

(2) You must not〔mustn't〕go out after eleven in the evening.

Read and Think 1・動名詞(目的語)

確認テスト 1

(1) raining

(2) singing

確認テスト 2

(1) Linda finished washing the dishes.

(2) We enjoyed playing basketball.

(3) Takuya likes playing baseball.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) Yumi doesn't like playing the piano.

(2) Did they enjoy eating〔having〕lunch in the park?

Read and Think 1・動名詞と不定詞(名詞的用法)の使い分け

確認テスト 1

(1) to, speak

(2) enjoy, watching

(3) need, to, see〔meet〕

(4) singing

(5) want, to, go

確認テスト 2

(1) We usually enjoy playing soccer after school.

(2) I want to go to France.

(3) Do they enjoy eating lunch in the park?

(4) I want to buy a new computer.

(5) I usually finish cleaning in the morning.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) I want to read this book.

(2) We enjoy running in the evening.

(3) I always finish studying (before 10.)

(4) Do you enjoy writing (emails in English?)

Read and Think 2・動名詞(主語)

確認テスト 1

(1) Eating〔Having〕

(2) Playing

確認テスト 2

(1) Painting pictures is not easy.

(2) Studying English is necessary.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) Reading English books is difficult〔hard〕for me.

(2) Walking in the forest was fun.

Grammar for Communication 4

助動詞のまとめ

確認テスト 1

(1) can

(2) will

(3) should

(4) Can〔Will〕

(5) Are, going, to

確認テスト 2

(1) Ted must clean the classroom after school.

(2) I will visit my grandparents (soon.)

(3) We have to wash our hands before dinner.

(4) Mika has to do her homework after dinner.

(5) Does Kate have to go to school early tomorrow?

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) I cannot〔can't〕 find my seat.

(2) It won't rain this afternoon.

(3) You must not open the door.

(4) Yumi doesn't have to make〔cook〕 lunch today.

(5) Ken is going to buy some vegetables at that supermarket.

Unit 5 What design is good for everyone?

Part 1・疑問詞 to ～

確認テスト 1

(1) how, to, make

(2) what, to, see

確認テスト 2

(1) I didn't know where to go.

(2) I didn't know what to talk about.

(3) I didn't know when to start.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) Do you know where to go?

(2) I did not〔didn't〕 know how to play the game.

Part 2・show＋人＋疑問詞 to ～

確認テスト 1

(1) asked, how

(2) taught〔showed / told〕, how

(3) told, where

(4) showed, how

確認テスト 2

(1) Emi showed me how to dance.

(2) I asked the woman how to get to the museum.

(3) I'll tell them what to do next.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) You didn't ask me what to do.

(2) My uncle taught〔showed〕 me how to ride a bike〔bicycle〕.

(3) Emily taught〔showed〕 me how to play the guitar.

Read and Think 1・I'm happy that ～. / I'm sure that ～.

確認テスト 1

(1) am, happy〔glad〕

(2) sure, that

(3) sorry, that

(4) happy〔glad〕, that

確認テスト 2

(1) I'm sure John can do it.

⑵　I'm sorry I'm late.

⑶　I'm sorry that you cannot come tomorrow.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴　I am〔I'm〕 sure that Emily is a good person.

⑵　I am〔I'm〕 sorry that your grandmother is sick.

⑶　I am〔I'm〕 happy〔glad〕 that my brother found a good job.

Unit 6 How can we make a good presentation?

Part 1・比較級と最上級(-er / the -est)

確認テスト 1

⑴　larger

⑵　highest

⑶　faster

確認テスト 2

⑴　Mt. Kita is not the highest mountain in Japan.

⑵　Amy is the tallest of the three.

⑶　Tim runs fastest in his school.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴　Is this book easier than that one?

⑵　My father gets〔wakes〕 up earlier than my mother.

⑶　Keita is the oldest in the group.

Part 2・比較級と最上級(more ～ / the most ～)

確認テスト 1

⑴　more, important, than

⑵　the, most, comfortable, place

確認テスト 2

⑴　Basketball is more popular than soccer (in our school.)

⑵　This problem is the most difficult of all.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴　This movie is the most interesting of the five.

⑵　This video game is the most popular (in the world.)

Read and Think 1・比較級と最上級(better / the best)

確認テスト 1

⑴　likes, the, best, of

⑵　better

⑶　best

確認テスト 2

⑴　I like soccer better than tennis.

⑵　My father likes golf the best.

⑶　My camera is better than my brother's.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴　Masaki likes reading books better than watching movies.

⑵　I like hamburgers the best.

Read and Think 2・比較の表現 as 〜 as …

確認テスト 1

(1) as, popular, as

(2) as, well, as

確認テスト 2

(1) Our winter vacation is not as long as our summer vacation.

(2) Our soccer team is as strong as yours.

(3) I get up as early as my grandmother.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) Taichi cannot〔can't〕run as fast as his brother.

(2) Rugby is not〔isn't〕as popular as soccer（in my class.）

(3) We do not〔don't〕get up as early as our mother.

Grammar for Communication 5

比較のまとめ

確認テスト 1

(1) larger, than

(2) the, highest

(3) likes, better, than

(4) like, the, best

(5) run, as, fast, as

確認テスト 2

(1) I get up earlier than my sister.

(2) I can swim the fastest in my class.

(3) Maria's Japanese is as good as your English.

(4) Maria sings as well as you.

(5) Lake Saroma is not as large as Lake Biwa.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) Mt. Fuji is the highest mountain in Japan.

(2) This comic book〔*manga*〕is the most popular in our class.

(3) Kate is the tallest of the five.

(4) This book is more interesting than that one.

(5) Baseball is more popular than soccer（in our school.）

Unit 7 What are World Heritage sites and their problems?

Part 1・受け身の肯定文

確認テスト 1

(1) sold

(2) loved

確認テスト 2

(1) This painting was painted in 1700.

(2) These comic books are read in many countries.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

(1) This T-shirt was made in China.

(2) Octopus is eaten（in Italy and Greece.）

Part 2・受け身の疑問文・否定文

確認テスト 1

(1) Is, used

(2) Where, was, found

確認テスト 2

⑴ Is English spoken in Switzerland?

⑵ What languages are spoken in Brazil?

⑶ Yuki and Misaki were not invited to the party.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴ Was that〔the〕castle built in the sixteenth century?

⑵ Where was this clock〔watch〕made?

⑶ This watch was not〔wasn't〕made in Japan.

Read and Think 1・受け身の文と by ～

確認テスト 1

⑴ by

⑵ by

確認テスト 2

⑴ Genji Monogatari was written by Murasaki Shikibu.

⑵ The game was watched by many people.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴ These pictures〔photos〕were taken by the children.

⑵ This picture〔painting〕was painted〔drawn〕by Yumi.

Read and Think 2・助動詞＋受け身の文

確認テスト 1

⑴ can, be, opened

⑵ can, be, seen

確認テスト 2

⑴ The house can be built in a month.

⑵ Tim's birthday party will be held tomorrow.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴ These comic books will be read in many countries.

⑵ Plastic bottles can be recycled in many〔various〕ways.

Grammar for Communication 6

受け身のまとめ

確認テスト 1

⑴ written, by

⑵ were, built

確認テスト 2

⑴ These trees were planted by my grandfather.

⑵ This bag was not made in Japan.

⑶ Were the cookies made by Henry?

⑷ The ocean cannot be seen from this room.

確認テスト 3（解答例）

⑴ This computer was made in Japan.

⑵ Is this book read in many〔a lot of〕countries?

#［メモ］

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